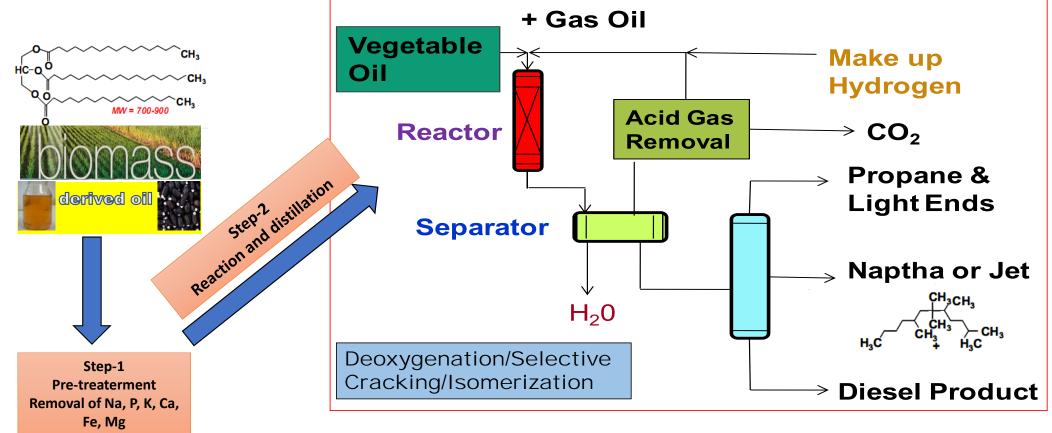


CSIR-IIP process for Renewable ATF

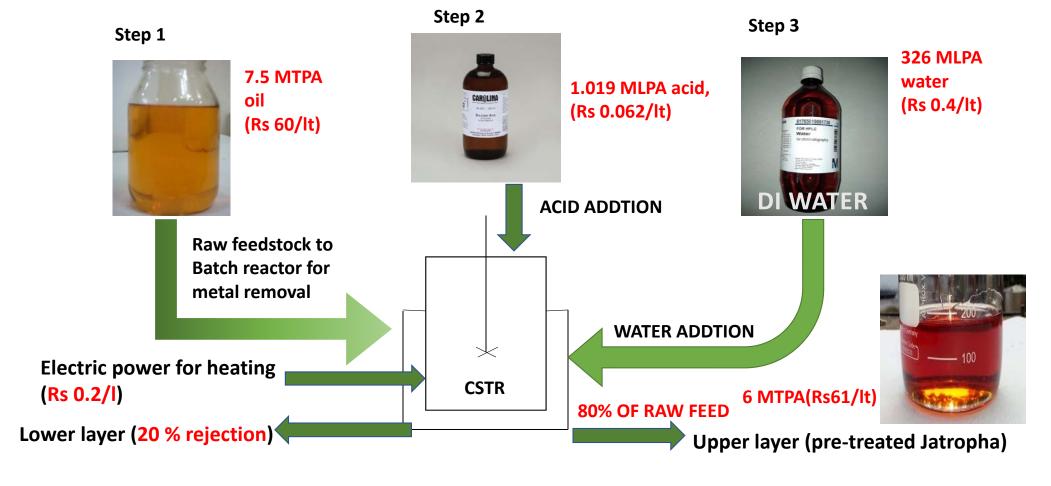






Step-1 Pre-treatment of feedstock







Catalyst & Process Highlights



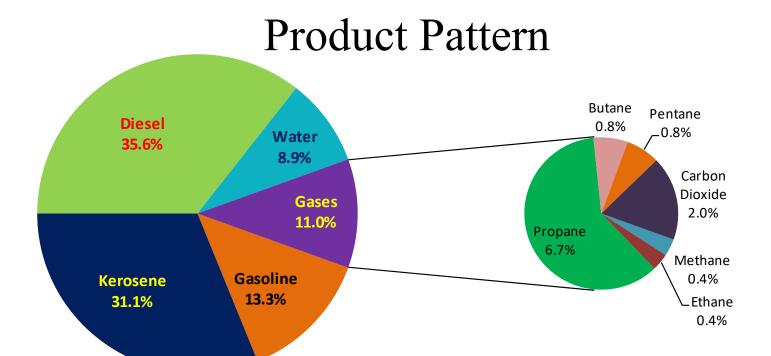
Single Step Novel Process and Catalyst (Non noble metal)

- (1) Hydro-deoxygenation
- (2) Hydro-cracking
- (3) Hydro-isomerisation
- (4) Aromatization
- (5) Cyclization
- (6) Hydrogenation

MC - I WESTER CATACHE HITC- II HITC- II



- •Support with **optimized acidity** for desirable **cracking and isomerisation ability** to maximize the kerosene yield
- •Sulfided base-metal (non-noble) catalyst on the support (lower in cost as compared to competing technologies)



Hydrogen Consumption---3-5% of Liquid feed

Kerosene (Bio-ATF)---Main product

Diesel and Gasoline--- High cetane diesel-Cetane Improver,

Gasoline for reforming / 100 LL Avgas

Gases-----Useful for LPG recovery and Fuel gas

CSIR-IIP BIOJET VS COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE BIO-ATF

New Technology CSIR-IIP

CSIR-IIP

2017-19

Hydrodeoxygenation Hydrocracking, cyclization & Hydroisomerization (HC catalyst)

C9-C15 Kerosene range iso-, n-paraffins, cycloparaffins, aromatics

2006-16

Commercial Technologies

Hydrodeoxygenation (HT catalyst)
C15-C18 n-paraffins

Mild Hydrocracking & Hydroisomerization (Pt catalyst) to meet freeze point

C9-C15 Kerosene range iso-, n-paraffins

	100% CSIR-IIP's Bio- Jet	50:50 Jet A1: CSIR-IIP's	100% Internationally available Bio-Jet	50:50 Jet A 1: Internationally
Process/ Property	Single-Reactor ProcessSingle Catalyst		 Available Bio-Jet Two-Reactor Process: Two Catalyst System (Incl. Precious metal) 	
Troperty	Multifunctional, Low-cost: (1) Deoxygenations (2) Isomerization (3) Selective cracking		 (1) Deoxygenations (2) Isomerization & Selective cracking Aromatic Addition (Extra Step in Supply Chain) 	
	(4) Desired aromatics		(Ехи а этер ш эпрріу Спаш)	
Flash Point, °C	49	42.5	45	44.0
Freeze Point °C	-63	-58	-57	-58
Total Aromatics, vol%	12.8	15.7	<.03	9.5
Density (15°C), kg/m ³	781.3	793.1	766.6	784.7

Reduced Capex and Opex; Patent Estate Established

